



# ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



## TOPIC – Profit, Loss & Discount

Subject : Mathematics

Class-9

F. M. 15

WORKSHEET NO. - 11

First term

Date: 20.02.2021

### Q.1) Choose the correct option:

(1x15=15)

- i) There is a discount of 15% if the electric bill is paid in time. Shyam paid electric bill in time and got discount of ₹ 54. The amount if his electric bill was  
a) ₹300                      b) ₹ 360                      c) ₹ 320                      d) ₹ 400
- ii) A fruit seller purchased banana at ₹ 30 per dozen and sold each pair at ₹ 7. What is the percentage profit or loss at this?  
a) 20% profit                      b) 20% loss                      c) 40% profit                      d) 40% loss
- iii) A man purchased a bag at ₹ 255 after getting 15% discount on marked price. The marked price of the bag is  
a) ₹ 280                      b) ₹ 275                      c) ₹ 300                      d) ₹ 325
- iv) Two successive discounts of 10% is equivalent to a discount of  
a) 20%                      b) 19%                      c) 15%                      d) 12%
- v) The marked price of a thing is ₹ 80. If the discount on marked price is 10%, then the selling price will be  
a) ₹ 88                      b) ₹ 72                      c) ₹ 90                      d) ₹ 70
- vi) The selling price of 20 pens is equal to cost price of 30 pens. Then the profit percentage is \_\_\_\_\_  
a) 22%                      b) 18%                      c) 24%                      d) 50%
- vii) If the profit on cost price is 20%, then the profit percentage on the selling price is \_\_\_\_\_  
a)  $15\frac{2}{3}\%$                       b)  $16\frac{1}{3}\%$                       c)  $16\frac{2}{3}\%$                       d) 16%
- viii) By selling a shirt at ₹ 360, the loss is 10%. The cost price of the shirt is \_\_\_\_\_  
a) ₹ 200                      b) ₹ 630                      c) ₹ 400                      d) ₹ 100
- ix) By giving a discount of 20% the selling price of a geometry box is ₹ 48. The marked price of the box is  
a) ₹ 60                      b) ₹ 50                      c) ₹ 40                      d) ₹ 80
- x) Rahim sold a cycle at ₹ 6000 by giving a loss of 25%. The cost price of cycle is \_\_\_\_\_  
a) ₹ 800                      b) ₹ 4400                      c) ₹ 4800                      d) ₹ 8000
- xi) If the cost price : selling price = 5 : 6, then the profit percentage will be \_\_\_\_\_  
a) 25%                      b) 50%                      c) 20%                      d) none of these
- xii) Selling price is twice the cost price. Then the profit percentage is \_\_\_\_\_  
a) 25%                      b) 20%                      c)  $33\frac{1}{2}\%$                       d) 100%
- xiii) The ratio of selling price and cost price is 8 : 9. Then the loss is \_\_\_\_\_  
a) 10%                      b)  $11\frac{1}{9}\%$                       c) 30%                      d) 15%
- xiv) By selling a thing if the profit is  $6\frac{1}{4}\%$ , then the ratio of profit and selling price is  
a) 1:17                      b) 1:16                      c) 17:1                      d) 16:1
- xv) A retailer bought a medicine at a discount of 20% on the market price and sold it to the customer at the marked price. The profit percentage of the retailer is \_\_\_\_\_  
a) 25%                      b) 30%                      c) 15%                      d) 10%

-ChaitaliRoy