



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution



WORKSHEET – 48

Topic: Queue and its basic operations

Subject: COMPUTER SCIENCE

Class - 12

F.M:15

Chapter: Stacks and queues

Date: 30/01/2021

Choose the correct answer for each question:

[5 X 1 = 15]

1. A linear list of elements in which deletion can be done from one end (front) and insertion can take place only at the other end (rear) is known as _____
 - a) Queue
 - b) Stack
 - c) Tree
 - d) Linked list
2. A queue follows _____
 - a) FIFO (First In First Out) principle
 - b) LIFO (Last In First Out) principle
 - c) Ordered array
 - d) Linear tree
3. Circular Queue is also known as _____
 - a) Ring Buffer
 - b) Square Buffer
 - c) Rectangle Buffer
 - d) Curve Buffer
4. If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time, in what order will they be removed?
 - a) ABCD
 - b) DCBA
 - c) DCAB
 - d) ABDC
5. A data structure in which elements can be inserted or deleted at/from both ends but not in the middle is?
 - a) Queue
 - b) Circular queue
 - c) Dequeue
 - d) Priority queue
6. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when?
 - a) $\text{Rear} = \text{MAX_SIZE} - 1$
 - b) $\text{Front} = (\text{rear} + 1) \bmod \text{MAX_SIZE}$
 - c) $\text{Front} = \text{rear} + 1$
 - d) $\text{Rear} = \text{front}$

7. Which of the following is not the type of queue?
 - a) Ordinary queue
 - b) Single ended queue
 - c) Circular queue
 - d) Priority queue
8. The data structure required for Breadth First Traversal on a graph is?
 - a) Stack
 - b) Array
 - c) Queue
 - d) Tree
9. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?
 - a. When a resource is shared among multiple consumers.
 - b. When data is transferred asynchronously (data not necessarily received at same rate as sent) between two processes
 - c. Load Balancing
 - d. All of the above
10. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when
 - a) $\text{Rear} = \text{MAX_SIZE} - 1$
 - b) $\text{Front} = (\text{rear} + 1) \bmod \text{MAX_SIZE}$
 - c) $\text{Front} = \text{rear} + 1$
 - d) $\text{Rear} = \text{front}$
11. How many stacks are needed to implement a queue. Consider the situation where no other data structure like arrays, linked list is available to you.
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4
12. Which of the following is true about linked list implementation of queue?
 - a. In push operation, if new nodes are inserted at the beginning of linked list, then in pop operation, nodes must be removed from end.
 - b. In push operation, if new nodes are inserted at the end, then in pop operation, nodes must be removed from the beginning.
 - c. Both of the above
 - d. None of the above
13. An array of size MAX_SIZE is used to implement a circular queue. Front, Rear, and count are tracked. Suppose front is 0 and rear is MAX_SIZE - 1. How many elements are present in the queue?
 - a) Zero
 - b) One
 - c) MAX_SIZE - 1
 - d) MAX_SIZE
14. In linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into EMPTY queue?
 - a) Only front pointer
 - b) Only rear pointer
 - c) Both front and rear pointer
 - d) None

15. How many queues are needed to implement a stack. Consider the situation where no other data structure like arrays, linked list is available to you.

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. 4

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