

**SUB: GENERAL SCIENCE** 

## **ST.LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL**



F.M. 15

## JESUIT MINORITY INSTITUTION CLASS 5

TOPIC: FEEDING HABITS IN ANIMALS DATE: 23.04.2020

<u>A.</u>	15x1=15						
1.	of the carnivorous birds help them to catch their prey and to tear	flesh.					
0	a) Claws b)Beaks c)Wings						
۷.	Animals need to grow, to get energy and to stay healthy.  a) teeth b)food c)limbs						
2							
3.	like rabbits ,mice and squirrels have small and sharp front teeth.						
	a)Herbivores b)Carnivores c)Rodents						
4.	The feeding habits of the animals on the type of food they eat.						
	a)depend b)based c) reflecting						
5.	5. Herbivores are animals that feed on						
	a) skin b) green plants c) flesh						
6.	6. Carnivores feed on the of the other animals.						
	a) flesh b) fins c) limbs						
7.	Herbivores have strong broad teeth for						
	a) eating b) chewing c)biting						
8.	8. Carnivores have strong teeth to chew the flesh and the bones of other animals.						
	a) biting b)catching c)grinding						
9. Herbivores like cows, goats and giraffes have front teeth for biting.							
	a) sharp b)blunt c)broad						
10. Carnivores like the lion, tiger and cat have very sharp, pointed and curved front teeth for							
	a)chewing b) tearing flesh c)grinding						

11. The sharp and small front teeth of the Rodents are used to seeds and fruits.						
a) eat	b) chew	c)gnaw				
12. Flesh-eating birds like eagles, kites and vultures have strong, sharp andbeaks						
a)hooke	d b)pointe	ed c	)curved			
13. The mouth parts of the animals are to the type of food they eat.						
a) match	ed b) su	iited	c) appropriate			
14. The beaks and claws of birds are according to the kind of food they eat.						
a) modifie	d b)char	nged	c)arranged			
15. Capybara is an example of						
a) carnivo	re b) om	nivore	c)rodent			

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