



1 x 15 =15

## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution

Worksheet 29

Sub: Costing & TaxationClass: XIChapter: Unit 1B: Tax: Basic Concept & Definition under Income Tax ActF.M.: 15Topic: Definition 4Date: 17/08/2020

Choose the correct alternatives:

1. Total income is defined under section

(a)2; (b) 45; (c) 2(45); (d) none of these.

2. Total income means

(a) GTI; (b) Chapter VIA; (c) GTI- Deductions from 80C to 80U; (d) none of these.

3. Total income is the aggregate income as per section

(a)3; (b) 4; (c) 5; (d) none of these.

4. As per sections 60 to 64 and section 92, there are certain income which

(a) accrues and taxable to the assessee; (b) accrues to the assessee; (c) accrues to the third party but taxable to the assessee; (d) none of these.

5. Income of an asset is transferred without transferring the asset as per sections

(a) 60 and 61; (b) 61 and 62; (c) 62 and 63; (d) 63 and 64.

6. Income from any asset is transferred to the spouse is taxable in the hands of

(a) husband; (b) wife; (c) transferor; (d) transferee.

7. Generally an assessee is taxed in respect of

(a) his/her spouse income; (b) his/her own income; (c) income of the society; (d) none of these.

8. Earlier tax can be evaded by

(a) not paying the tax; (b) transferring the property in the name of family members; (c) suppressing the income; (d) none of these.

9. Inclusion of other's income is known as

(a)deemed income; (b) clubbed income; (c) own income; (d) none of these.

10. Not inclusion of other's income is known as

(a)deemed income; (b) clubbed income; (c) own income; (d) none of these.

11. Section 14A of the act reveals

(a) no deduction for expenditure; (b) no deduction for expenditure in relation to the income which is not the part of total income; (c) both (a) and (b); (d) none of these.

12. The income which has special tax rate is the

(a) part of total income; (b) not the part of total income; (c) special part of total income; (d) none of these.

13. Which of the following head of income has special tax rate?

(a) income from salaries; (b) income from house property; (c) capital gain; (d) none of these.

14. Tax liability of an assessee is determined by

(a) special tax rate; (b) normal tax rate; (c) both (a) and(b); (d) none of these.

15. Clubbing of income is

(a) beneficial to the tax payer; (b) not at all beneficial to the tax payer; (c) both (a) and (b); (d) none of these.

Compiled by Partha Datta, Asst. Teacher.