



WORK SHEET – 26 Sub: Transpiration

Date: 13.05.2020

Topic- Transpiration Part 1 F.M.: 15

Choose the correct option:

Class: IX

- 1. The loss of water from the aerial parts of the plants a) Evaporation b) Photorespiration c) Transpiration d) None of these
- 2. The following are the types of transpiration :a) Cuticular b) Lenticular c) Stomatal d)All of these
- 3. The waxy layer on the leaf which prevents transpiration:a) Cuticle b) Epidermis c) Lenticel d) None of these
- 4. Loss of water vapour through the cuticular surface of leaf :a) Stomatal transpiration b) Cuticular transpiration c) Lenticular transpiration d) All of these
- 5. Lenticels are shaped structure found on the bark of tree :a) Reniform b) dumb bell shaped c) Lens shaped d) Drum shaped
- 6. The loose mass of cells found in the Lenticel which help in Transpiration are called :a) Epidermis b) Periderm c) Complimentary cells d) Cortical cells
- 7. Loss of water through the pores of leaves called :a) Cuticular transpiration b) Lenticular transpiration c) Stomatal transpiration d) Guttation
- 8. Lenticels are found in :a) Periderm b) Fruit walls c) on leaf d) both (a) and (b)
- 9. Stomata are found on:a) Leaves b) Young Stem c) floral parts d) Submerged hydrophytes
- 10. The percentage of transpiration by stomatal transpiration is:a) 80-90 % b) 10-15 % c) 20-30 % d) 5-10 %
- 11. The scientist who proposed potassium infiltration theory :a) Steward b) Levitt c) Dixon and Jolly d) none of these
- 12. During the night the PH in the guard cell becomes 5 due to the synthesis of:a) Oxaloacetic acid b) Citric acid c) Malic acid d) Hydrochloric acid
- 13. The infiltration of potassium ion inside the guard cell results in the formation of :a) Malic acid b) Potassium malate c) Potassium chloride d) Potassium acetate

(1x15=15)

- 14. The closure of the stomata is brought about when :-a) Guard cell becomes turgid b) Guard cell becomes flaccid c) Chloroplast in the guard cell break down d) None of the above
- 15. According Starch-Sugar Inter conversion theory :-

a) Starch gets converted glucose-1- phosphate b) Starch remains unchanged c) Sugar gets converted to starch d) none of these

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