

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

Sub: Biological Sciences Class: XIDate: 13.07.2020

Plant Kingdom: Pteridophyta F.M:15

	WORKSHEET	- 23(Answers)	(1x15=15)
i) Which of the following is obtained from bryophytes?			
(1) Chlorellin	(2)Sphagnol	(3)Agar (4) Ala	gin
ii) Which of the following organisms is used in the treatment of lung infections?			
(1) Sphagnum	(2) Funaria	(3) Marchantia	(4)Anthoceros
iii) The leaves that develop with the smaller spores are called -			
(1) Megasporophyll	(2) Microsporophyll	(3) Microphyll	(4) Megaphyll
iv) Which of the following is not heterosporous?			
(1) Selaginella	(2) Marsilea	(3)Lycopodium	(4)All of these
v) The brown scales which are present on the rhizome are called-			
(1) Cilia	(2)Ramenta	(3)Rachis	(4)None of them
vi) In which of the following organisms the main plant body is sporophyte?			
(1) Riccia	(2)Spirogyra	(3)Dryopteris	(4) Funaria
vii) Which of the following can be commonly grown as a garden plant?			
(1) Equisetum	(2) Azolla	(3)Selaginella	(4)Pteris
viii)Spores in <i>Pteris</i> are			
(1) Polyploid	(2)Haploid	(3)Diploid	(4) Hexaploid
ix) Sori are clusters of			
(1) Antheridium	(2)Archegonium	(3)Sporangium	(4)None of these
x) Protonema is-			
(1) Diploid	(2)Haploid	(3) Polyploid	(4) Hexaploid
xi) Which of the following are vascular cryptogams?			
(1) Bryophyte	(2) Pteridophyte	(3) Gymnosperms	(4) Angiosperms
xii) The similarities of bryophytes and pteridophytes lie in their structure of			
(1) Sporophyte	(2)Gametophyte	(3)Sex organs	(4)All of these
xiii)In which of the following fertilization takes place in presence of water?			
(1) Selaginella	(2)Equisetum	(3)Riccia	(4)All of these
xiv) Which component of vascular bundle is absent in pteridophytes?			
(1) Xylem parenchyma	(2) Sieve tubes	(3)Tracheids	(4)Sieve cells
xv) Sporophylls in pteridophytes aggregate to form-			
(1) Strobili	(2) Ramenta	(3)Sporangium	(4) Sori

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