

measurements.

a) open

b)shut

ST.LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



JESUIT MINORITY INSTITUTION

SUB: GENERAL SCIENCE CLASS 6 F.M. 15

TOPIC: PRECAUTIONS WHILE TAKING MEASUREMENTS DATE: 16.04.2020 15x1=15A. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION: 1. Always place the object that is to be measured on a _____ surface. a) slanting b)flat c)straight 2. Placing the object on an uneven surface gives an _____ measurement. a) incorrect b)correct c)accurate 3. Always place the ruler or metre scale along the of the object to be measured. b)height c)length a)size 4. The _____ will not be accurate if the ruler or the meter scale is kept at an angle to the length that is to be measured. b)unit c) numerical value a)measurement 5. Keep the ruler or any other _____ as close as possible to the object. a) measurement b) object c) measuring instrument 6. While taking measurements, ensure that the _____ of the ruler is placed at the beginning end of the object. a) multiples b) zero mark c) markings 7. An eye should be kept _____ above the point from where you have to measure. a) vertically b) horizontally c)parallel 8. The error that occurs due to the incorrect positioning of the eye is called error. b)placement c)parallax a) perpendicular 9. In order to avoid parallax error, it is advised to keep one eye _____ while taking

c)partially open

10. If the ruler is broken or has worn out edges, the measurement of the should
be taken from either from 1 cm or any other mark which is clearly visible on the
ruler.
a)object b) scale c)tape
11. In order to take the measurement using the broken ruler, after measurement
the reading of the one end from the reading corresponding to the
other end.
a)add b) subtract c)multiply
$12.\ \mathrm{In}\ \mathrm{a}\ \mathrm{broken}\ \mathrm{ruler}$, if we start measuring from the $2\ \mathrm{cm}\ \mathrm{mark}\ \mathrm{and}$ the corresponding
reading to the other end is 7cm. What would be the length of the object.
a)5 cm b)10cm c)2 cm
13. While measuring length using a metre scale, the position of the eye
a) should be vertically above the point from where the measurement is to be taken.
b) should be vertically above the 0 mark of the scale
c)does not matter as long as the scale is accurate
14. A meter scale has divisions.
a) 10 b) 100 c) 1000
15. Each division in the metre scale is equal to
a) 10cm b) 1cm c)0.1cm