

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution



| Worksheet 53 | |
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| Sub: Economics Class: XII | |
| Chapter 13: Pricing in Factor Market | F.M.: 15 |
| Topic: Theory of Wages and Interest | Date: 21/11/2020 |
| Multiple choice questions | 1x15 = 15. |
| 1. Wages can be of types. | |
| a. Two, | |
| b. Three, | |
| c. Four, | |
| d. Five. | |
| Money wages are always expressed in terms of | _• |
| a. Price, | |
| b. Money, | |
| c. Quantity, | |
| d. Kind. | |
| 3. Whenwage increases then standard of living will im | iprove. |
| a. Money, | |
| b. Standard, | |
| c. Real, | |
| d. Full. | |
| 4. Wage rate is determined by theproductivity of la | abour. |
| a. Average, | |
| b. Total, | |
| c. Full, | |
| d. Marginal. | |
| 5. In the marginal productivity theory of wages it is assumed | thatprevails in |
| labour market. | |
| a. Perfect competition, | |
| b. Monopoly, | |
| c. Oligopoly, | |
| d. Duopoly. | |
| 6. In the marginal productivity theory of wages it is assumed | l that labour is perfectly |
| a. Elastic, | |

- b. Mobile,
- c. Inelastic,

- d. Immobile.
- - a. Compatibility,
 - b. Comparability,
 - c. Substitutability,
 - d. Complementarity.
- 8. In the marginal productivity theory of wages it is assumed that labour is ______.
 - a. Heterogeneous,
 - b. Different,
 - c. Expert,
 - d. Homogeneous.
- 9. In the marginal productivity theory of wages it is assumed that labour is perfectly
 - a. Divisible,
 - b. Indivisible,
 - c. Elastic,
 - d. Inelastic.
- 10. The objective of the firm is _____ maximisation.
 - a. Sales,
 - b. Profit,
 - c. Quantity,
 - d. Revenue.
- 11. Labour supply curve is _____.
 - a. Upward rising,
 - b. Horizontal,
 - c. Backward bending,
 - d. Vertical.

12. Keynesian theory of interest rate determination is known as _____ preference.

- a. Pure,
- b. Perfect,
- c. Asset,
- d. Liquidity.

13. Transaction demand for money is function of ______.

- a. Income,
- b. Interest,
- c. Sales,
- d. Revenue.

14. _____demand for money is function of rate of interest.

a. Transaction,

- b. Precautionary,
- c. Speculative,
- d. Special.

15. In Keynesian theory of interest rate, money supply is _____.

- a. Vertical,
- b. Horizontal,
- c. Zero,
- d. Infinite.

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