



DATE: 08.05.2020

## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION CLASS - XII

## **POLITICAL SCIENCE ANSWER KEY - 6**

TOPICS: FOREIGN POLICY-AIMS, OBJECTIVES, PRINCIPLES OF SAARC

## A. Answer the following questions by choosing the correct option:

1x15=15

- 1. To **promote** welfare of people is one of the aims of SAARC.
- 2. SAARC accelerates the economic growth.
- 3. Countries under SAARC does not <u>interfere</u> into each other's internal matters.
- 4. There were **seven** members in 1985.
- 5. Afganistan was the eighth member of SAARC
- 6. Australia was an observer.
- 7. **China** wanted to become a member of SAARC.
- 8. The Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) was signed in 1986.
- 9. India would <u>lead</u> in reprogramming economic business aspects of SAARC countries.
- 10. Full form of SAFTA is South Asian Free Trade Agreement.
- 11. India signed SAFTA with both Bhutan and Sri Lanka.
- 12. India signed the transit agreement with Nepal.
- 13. The members of SAARC realized that India has tremendous opportunities to offer.
- 14. Pakistan has called India "most favoured nation".
- 15. As a leader India needs institutionalization.

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