

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

Sub:Physical Science Class: 8 Date: 08.04.20				
Sub:Physical Science Duration: 40 mins		Class: 8 Worksheet 2		Full Marks: 15
Dura				
PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL CHANGES/ PHYSICAL CHANGE Choose the Correct options:				
1. Thermal expansion generally occurs when a substance is				
				(d) Programized
Ans	' '	` '	(c)Inflated	(d) Pressurized
	An inflated balloon kept near a hot bulb bursts. Why? (a) Thermal (b)Melting (c)Chemical reaction (d) Insects bite			
Ans		(b)Meiting	(c)Chemical reaction	(d) Insects bite
2	expansion . Which theory explains change of state?			
	• •	<u> </u>	() P 1 2 4	(1) 0
Ans		(b) Dalton's atomic theory		(d) Conservation theory
4.	Which energy of the molecules decreases on cooling?			
Ans	(a) Electrical energy	(b) Kinetic energy	(c) Potential energy	(d) Light energy
5	5. Which of the following is not a sublimate?			
Ans	(a) Naphthalene		(c) Chlorine	(d) iodine
6.	- · ·	issolves in a solution	(c) chiornic	(d) founic
Ans		(b) solvent	(c) solution	(d) suspension
		rm artificial smoke be	. ,	(u) suspension
Ans	(a) a sublimate	(b) has high		(d)Is abundant
Alls	(a) a subilliate	melting point	point	in nature
Q	Salt dissolves in wat	0 1	point	III IIature
			(a) namaing	(d) haaamaa
Ans	(a) Increases	(b) decreases	(c) remains	(d) becomes
0	unchanged zero 9. Kinetic energy changes during			
		-	(a) Dia	(1) C1
Ans	(a) Expansion	(b)Contraction	(c) Rise in	(d) Change of
temperature state				
10. A physical change is generally Ans (a) Reversible (b) Irreversible (c) Random (d) Continuous				
	` '	` '	(c) Random	(d) Continuous
11. Breaking of a glass is an example of				
Ans	•	Chemical (c) Rever	rsible change	(d) Desirable
	change change change			
12		olved in a solvent it is a		
Ans	(a)Physical change	(b)Reversible	(c) Irreversible change	(d) Both (a) and
		change		(b)
13. Energy is released in				
Ans	(a) Melting	(b)Boiling	(c) freezing	(d) sublimation
14	. Tearing a piece of pa	aper is		
Ans	(a) Physical change	(b)Chemical change	(c) Irreversible change	(d) Both (a) and (c)
15. Physical change always				
Ans	(a) Is reversible	(b) has no new	(c) does not involve	(d)Both (a) and
1 1110	(4) 15 10 10101010	substance formed	energy change	(b)
		sassuite itilieu	chorgy change	(0)