

## ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

THS.



A JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

## 2020

## Chapter: Lumber Industry in Canada Worksheet number: 1

Date: 22/04/2020 Class: 6 Term: II Sub: Geography

## Choose the correct answer:

1x15=15

- One of the by-products of the lumbering industry is (venear/ wood pellets/ sawdust).
- 2. Lumber is also called (harvested/ hard/ soft) wood.
- 3. The trees that have broad leaves and shed their leaves once a year is called (evergreen/deciduous/thorny) trees.
- 4. Lumber industry developed in the early (18th/ 19th/ 20th) century.
- 5. There was a huge demand for timber to build (warships/ furniture/ houses).
- 6. The lumber camps were set in the Maritimes and (northern/ central/ eastern) Canada.
- 7. Maritimes is a region in Canada comprising of Nova Scotia, New Brownswick and (Ontario/ Prince Edward Island/ Prince George Island).
- 8. The coniferous forests of Canada are also known as the (Taiga/ deciduous/ thorny) forest.
- 9. The coniferous forests cover almost (30%/ 40%/ 50%) land of this area.
- 10. The long harsh winter season does not encourage (industry/ transport/ agriculture) here.
- 11. Alberta produces a large volume of poplar and (aspen/ larch/ red cedar).
- 12. Hardwood trees are mostly confined in the states of Quebec, Ontario and (Nova Scotia/ Yukon/ British Columbia).
- 13. The example of softwood trees are (spruce/ aspen/ poplar).
- 14. One of the main hardwood trees is (birch/ larch/ hemlock).
- 15. Softwood is primarily obtained from (Quebec/ Ontario/ British Columbia).