



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

SECOND TERM ANSWER SHEET NO. - 20



Class: 9

Sub: GEOGRAPHY

Date- 29/04/2020

TOPIC: THE GANGA DELTA

CHAPTER: 8

I. CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION.

(1X15=15)

1. The _____ plain lies over east Murshidabad, Kolkata, Howrah, Hooghly, Nadia, North and South 24 Parganas, Bardhaman and East Mednipur.
b. Ganga delta
2. The silt deposited by the Ganga and Bhagirathi- Hooghly river is more or less _____ deep.
c. 1000ft
3. _____ region comprises the districts of Nadia, Murshidabad, North 24 Parganas, eastern parts of Howrah and Hooghly.
a. Moribund delta
4. The region is composed of newer alluvium and the depositional activity of rivers is still creating newer landforms here.
b. Mature delta
5. This region comprises the central part of South 24 Parganas and Kolkata districts.
c. Mature delta
6. _____ is a marshy land to the east of Kolkata.
d. Salt Lake
7. The depositional activity is quite high and new landforms are being continuously formed.
d. Active delta
8. Dense tidal forests with reddish coloured wood trees called _____ abound this region.
c. Sundari
9. Changes in landform can no longer take place in this region as the activity of deposition of silt by rivers like Bhagirathi, Ichhamati, Churni has ceased long ago.
a. Dead delta
10. This region comprises the southern parts of North and South 24 Parganas.
b. The Sundarbans
11. The important tidal rivers in the Sundarban plain region are
d. All
12. The south-eastern part of the Mednipur district, in between the mouths of Hooghly river and Subarnarekha river lies the
b. Sandy coastal plain
13. The _____ is the older dune that lies parallel to the coast.
d. Both a & b
14. The _____ is formed recently and presents a wide beach.
c. Digha dune
15. _____ island is a new island formed recently due to active depositional activities in the Sundarban plain region.
d. Purbasha