

SOLUTION - 1

Class: X Sub: Life Science Date: _.05.2021

Topic: Ch 1 Control and Coordination in Living Organisms: Definition, reasons and types of Locomotion F.M. : 15

Choose the correct option:

(1x15=15)

- 1. Locomotion a) is a variety of movement. b) is always involuntary. c) causes no change in original position. d) takes place at any biological level (from cellular to organisms). 2. Study of movements is called . a) ecclesiology b) kinesiology c) anemology d) epistemology 3. Example of locomotion is a) migration b) looking for shelter c) finding food d) all of these 4. is the locomotory organ of *Euglena*. a) Flagella b) Cilia c) Pseudopodium d) none of these 5. *Paramoecium* moves with the help of cilia in ______ rhythm. a) circadian b) diurnal c) metochronal d) ultraradian 6. Pseudopodia of Amoeba is a) true locomotory organ. b) projection from end of body. c) temporary cytoplasmic extension. d) none of these. 7. Fish has got ____ paired fins for locomotion. a) 0 b) 1 c) 3 d) 2 8. Bird has got an enlarged breast bone called _____ for flight muscle attachment.
 - a) atlas b) femur c) sternum d) tibia
- 9. ______ of brain helps in bipedalism in human in various ways.
 - a) cerebellum b) cerebrum c) pons d) midbrain
- 10. The fluid in ______ helps in balancing during human locomotion.
- a) spinal cord b) joints c) semicircular canal d) brain
- 11. _____ fin in fish gives direction while swimming.
- a) Pectoral b) Anal c) Dorsal d) caudal
 12. Effective and recovery stroke is seen in ______.
 - a) Ciliary locomotion in *Paramoecium* b) Flagellary locomotion in *Euglena* c) both of these d) none of these

- 13. The flight feathers help in flight by generating ______.
 - a) thrust b) lift **c) both** d) none
- 14. Remiges in bird are located in _____.
 - a) tail feather b) sternum c) wings d) legs
- 15. The locomotory muscle of fish is known as _____.
 - a) rectrices b) myeloma c) remiges d) myotome

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