



ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



TOPIC- AUSTRALIA

Sub: Geography

Class: 7

F. M. 15

WORKSHEET NO.10

Date: 13.03.2021

Model Answer

OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

Choose the correct option: 1x15=15

1) The Central Lowlands are located between the Murray-Darling basin and the Gulf of
a) Bothnia b) Tartary c) **Carpentaria** d) Guinea

2) Which of the following is not a part of the Central Lowlands of Australia?
a) MacDonnell Ranges b) **Nullarbor Plain** c) Musgrave Ranges d) Lake Eyre

3) The sword shaped isolated sand dunes characterize the
a) Nullarbor Plain b) Great divide c) Kimberley plateau d) **Simpson desert**

4) Which of the following desert is not located in the Central Lowlands of Australia?
a) **Gibson** b) Strzelecki c) Simpson d) Sturt Stony

5) The Uluru-Kata-Tjuta national park is not a home for
a) kangaroos b) emus c) wallabies d) **penguins**

6) The Artesian Basin is Australia's largest source of
a) rain water b) **ground water** c) ocean water d) river water

7) Artesian wells develop, when an aquifer lies in between 2 impervious rock layers of
a) **sandstone** b) limestone c) mudstone d) claystone

8) The Artesian Basin stretches from the
a) Melville island b) Nullarbor Plain c) Hamersley Range d) **Cape York Peninsula**

- 9) The Artesian Basin is not a reliable source of water for
a) South Australia b) **Western Australia** c) New South Wales d) Northern Territory
- 10) The other name for Lake Eyre is
a) Uluru b) **Kati Thanda** c) Van Diemen's Land d) Olga
- 11) Lake Eyre is known for its unusual
a) **pink hue** b) magenta hue c) purple hue d) mauve hue
- 12) The lowest point of the Australian continent is
a) Lake Torrens b) Lake Mackay c) **Lake Eyre** d) Lake Gairdner
- 13) The Great Artesian Basin underlies an area of about
a) 7.1 million sq km b) 1.1 million sq km c) 7.7 million sq km d) **1.7 million sq km**
- 14) The most dependable water source of Queensland is the
a) Murray-Darling river b) **Artesian basin** c) Gulf of Carpentaria d) Lake Eyre
- 15) The region of the Great Artesian Basin is formed of
a) **sedimentary rocks** b) igneous rocks c) metamorphic rocks d) no rocks

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