



TOPIC-WEATHER AND CLIMATE

Sub: Geography Class: 7 F. M. 15

WORKSHEET NO. 22 Date: 15.05.2020 Model Answer

OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

Choose the correct option: 1x15=15

- 1) In comparison to air, water vapour is
 - a) heavier b) neither heavier nor lighter c) lighter
- 2) In the atmosphere water vapour gets collected in the
 - a) upper layer b) middle layer c) lower layer
- 3) Water vapour condenses into
 - a) tiny sand particles b) tiny dust particles c) tiny stone particles
- 4) Masses of tiny water droplets or tiny ice crystals that float in the air are called
 - a) fog b) clouds c) mist
- 5) When clouds block the Sun, they appear
 - a) grey b) white c) black
- 6) To express the amount of cloud cover the unit of measurement used is a/an
 - a) degree b) lux c) okta
- 7) Cloudy days are more
 - a) cold and humid b) hot and humid c) hot and dry
- 8) Cloud cover affects the amount of insolation & terrestrial radiation by
 - a) **reducing both** b) reducing one and increasing the other c) increasing both

9) Clouds are categorized depending on their height, appearance and – a) horizontal development b) diagonal development c) vertical development
10) The high clouds are of – a) two types b) three types c) four types
11) The Sun and the Moon can be clearly visible through the - a) cirrus clouds b) cirrocumulus clouds c) <u>cirrostratus clouds</u>
12) The cirrus clouds are formed of - a) water droplets b) <u>ice crystals</u> c) dust particles
13) The small, rounded white puffy clouds existing individually or in long rows are -a) altocumulus b) stratocumulus c) <u>cirrocumulus</u>
14) The altocumulus clouds are mostly formed of - a) water droplets b) ice crystals c) dust particles
15) The grey or bluish grey, puffy clouds that block the coming of solar & lunar light resulting in the absence of shadows are - a) cirrostratus b) altostratus c) nimbostratus

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