

ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL

A Jesuit Christian Minority Institution



Answerkey 52

Chapter 13: Pricing in the factor market Topic: Theory of Rent and Marginal Productivity Multiple choice questions 1. Marginal productivity theory of factor pricing was developed by a. J.B.Clark, b. Kalecki, c. Samuelson, d. Keynes.	
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a. J.B.Clark, b. Kalecki, c. Samuelson,	
b. Kalecki, c. Samuelson,	
c. Samuelson,	
d Keynes	
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Ans: a. J.B.Clark.	
2. In Marginal productivity theory, it is assumed that there existsin the commodity market.	ıe
a. Monopoly,	
b. Perfect competition,	
c. Oligopoly,	
d. Duopoly.	
Ans: b. Perfect competition.	
3. In Marginal productivity theory, it is assumed that all units of the factors of	
production are	
a. Different,	
b. Heterogeneous,	
c. Homogeneous,	
d. Zero.	
Ans: c. Homogeneous.	
4. In Marginal productivity theory, it is assumed that there isamong	
different factors of production.	
a. Compatibility,	
b. Complementarity,	
c. Equality,	
d. Substitutability.	
Ans: d. Substitutability.	

5.		Marginal productivity theory, it is assumed that marginal productivity of each
	fac	ctor of production is
	a.	Diminishing,
	b.	Increasing,
	c.	Zero,
	d.	Negative.
		Ans: a. Diminishing.
6.	Ob	ejective of the firm is to maximize
	a.	Reputation,
	b.	Profit,
	c.	Production,
	d.	Cost.
		Ans: b. Profit.
7.	Ma	arginal physical product is expressed in terms ofunits.
	a.	Money,
	b.	Sales,
	c.	Physical,
	d.	Profit.
		Ans: c. Physical.
8.	Va	lue of marginal physical product is expressed in terms of
	a.	Sales,
	b.	Production,
	c.	Cost,
	d.	Money.
		Ans: d. Money.
9.		pply of land is completely
		Inelastic,
	b.	Elastic,
		Infinite,
	d.	Unit elastic.
		Ans: a. Inelastic.
10.	Re	nt can arise due toof land.
	a.	Availability,
		Scarcity,
		Production,
	d.	Cost.
		Ans: b. Scarcity.
11.		rent arise due to differences in the qualities of land.
	a.	Scarcity,
	b.	Quasi,

	c.	Differential,		
	d.	No.		
		Ans: c. Differential.		
12.	Th	e difference between total earning and transfer earning of any factor of		
	pro	oduction is known asrent.		
	a.	Scarcity,		
	b.	Differential,		
	c.	Quasi,		
	d.	Economic.		
		Ans: d. Economic.		
13.		earning is the earning which the factor can earn in the best alternative		
	use.			
	a.	Transfer,		
	b.	Revenue,		
	c.	Money,		
	d.	Rent.		
		Ans: a. Transfer.		
14. In the Ricardian theory it is assumed that land hasalternative use.				
	a.	Infinite,		
	b.	No,		
	c.	One,		
	d.	Two.		
		Ans: b. No.		
15.	In	the Ricardian theory, rent isdetermined.		
	a.	Demand,		
	b.	Supply,		
	c.	Price,		
	d.	Revenue.		
		Ans: c. Price.		

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