ST. LAWRENCE HIGH SCHOOL



a. 12

b. 18

c. 14

d. 20

JESUIT CHRISTIAN MINORITY INSTITUTION

IAS

FIRST TERM WORKSHEET NO. - 10

Class: 5 A, B, C

Sul	ıb: HISTORY	Date- 15/02/2021	
TOPIC: RIGHTS AND DUTIES		CHAPTER: 9	
I.	CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION	(1x15=15)	
1.	A is a person who is a member of a country.		
2.		d. Citizen have Rights d. Privileges	
3.			
4.	•	s of India?	
_	a. 6 b. 5 c. 4 d. 2		
5.	 Right to equality means a. Every citizen is given right to speech and expression and freedom to live or move in any part of India b. Every citizen enjoys equal privileges and opportunities in the eye of the law irrespective of caste, creed, religion and sex c. Citizens are protected against exploitation and any illegal activities d. Citizens have right to practice any religion 		
6.	Right to freedom means		
	 a. Every citizen is given right to speech and expression and freedom to live or move in any part of India b. Every citizen enjoys equal privileges and opportunities in the eye of the law irrespective of caste, creed, religion and sex c. Citizens are protected against exploitation and any illegal activities 		
	d. Citizens have right to practice any religion	megar activities	
7.			
	a. Every citizen is given right to speech and expres	sion and freedom to live or move in any part of India unities in the eye of the law irrespective of caste, creed,	
	c. Citizens are protected against exploitation and a	ny illegal activities	
	d. Citizens have right to practice any religion		
8.	8		
	a. Every citizen is given right to speech and expressionb. Every citizen enjoys equal privileges and opportunateligion and sex	* *	
	c. Citizens are protected against exploitation and any	illegal activities	
	d. Citizens have right to practice any religion		
9.	Cultural and educational rights means		
	 The constitution guarantees to various groups to pr languages 	-	
	religion and sex	ities in the eye of the law irrespective of caste, creed,	
	c. Citizens are protected against exploitation and any	illegal activities	
4.0	d. Citizens have right to practice any religion		
10.	D. Government schools provide free education to all ch	ildren up to the age of years.	

11. Who pioneered the 'Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan'?

- a. Farooq Abdullah
- b. Lal Krishna Advani
- c. Manmohan Singh
- d. Atal Bihari Vajpayee

12. The aim of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan is

- a. Free and compulsory education
- b. Examine the existing system of secondary education
- c. Achieve universalization of elementary education of satisfactory quality
- d. Bring out the genius inherent in every individual and provide environment that facilitates development

13. The process of compelling the poor to work without wages is called

- a. Forced labour
- b. Child labour
- c. Working class
- d. All

14. Right to Constitutional remedies means

- a. The constitution provides for legal remedies for protection of the Fundamental Rights in case of their violations
- b. The constitution guarantees to various groups to preserve, maintain and promote their cultures and languages
- c. Every citizen enjoys equal privileges and opportunities in the eye of the law irrespective of caste, creed, religion and sex
- d. Citizens are protected against exploitation and any illegal activities

15. A person in India who can enjoy the fundamental rights is

- a. Citizen
- b. King
- c. Minister
- d. Queen

Shabari Das